# Recycling in King County

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- Public Health's role in Solid Waste facility inspections
- Overview of Recycling facilities in King County & Similar Challenges
- Recyclables Part One: Construction and demolition waste
- Recyclables Part Two: Curbside Recycling



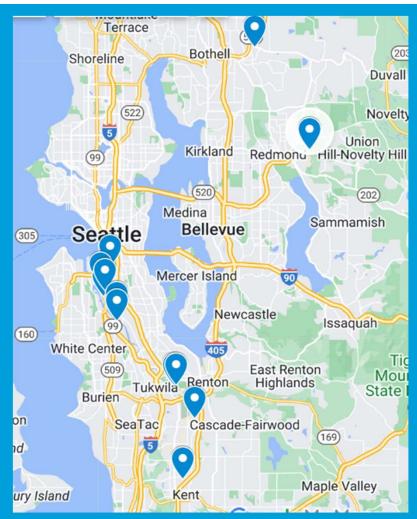
# Facilities must follow the Solid Waste Handling Standards WAC 173-350 and related regulations

- Operations as approved in the Plan of Operation.
- Verify facility records (pest control, in-house inspections)
- Environmental controls
- General Safety





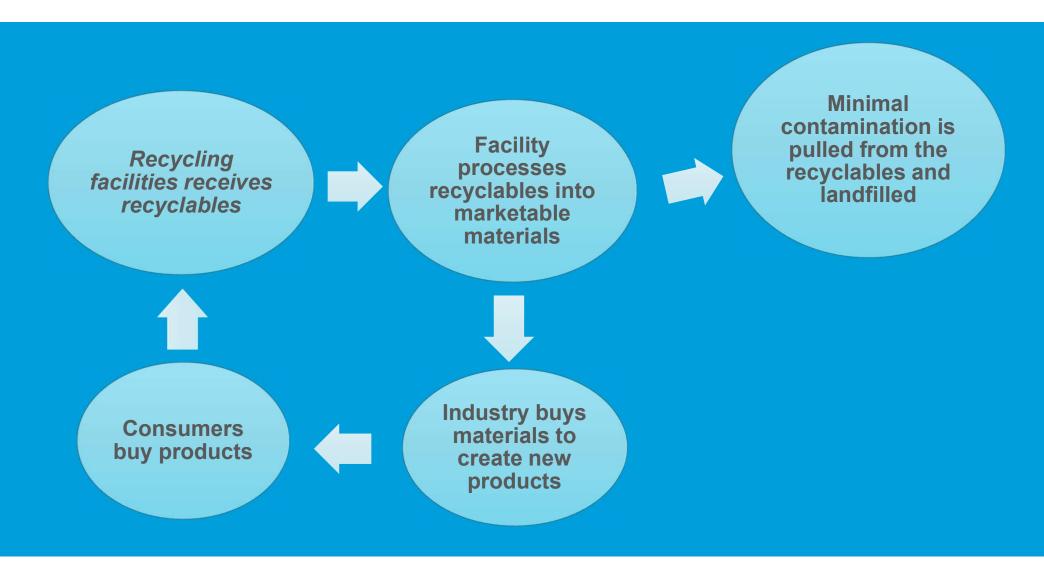
- Construction and demolition recyclers:
  - 5 Facilities
- Curbside material recyclers:
  - 3 large residential & commercial processors
  - 2 commercial processors
  - 1 glass recycler
  - 1 recycling transfer station



Permitted MRFs in King County







**Ideal Recycling Process** 



# **Building or Remodeling in King County?**

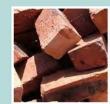
Recyclable construction & demolition (C&D) materials from construction projects are REQUIRED to be recycled. Separate these materials from other construction waste.

## **C&D RECYCLABLES**

Take these materials to a designated recycling facility







Asphalt Concrete/Paving • Drywall/Gypsum (new, unpainted) • Brick







Wood (unpainted, untreated) • Metal • Wire • Cardboard



City of Seattle & King
County have goal to reduce
methane production in
landfills and increase
recycling

- Deconstructed building requirements
- C&D materials are banned from landfills and required to be recycled at designated facilities.



## **C&D WASTE**

Depending on your vehicle type, either take C&D waste to a C&D transfer station or to a King County transfer station.

Insulation • Painted and Treated Wood
Railroad Ties and Creosoted Timbers • Carpet • Roofing
Countertops • Painted Drywall • Composite Cement Siding • Veneer

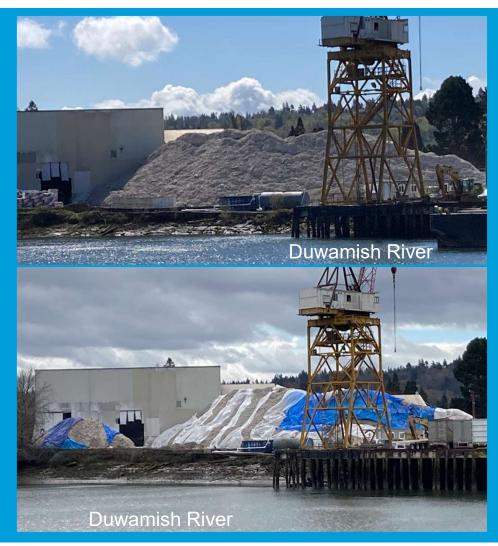




Construction and demolition waste for landfill disposal



- Inspection program for permit exempt recyclers which includes complaint response.
- Worked with operator to cover the outdoor piles.
- Began enforcement action for better environmental controls.



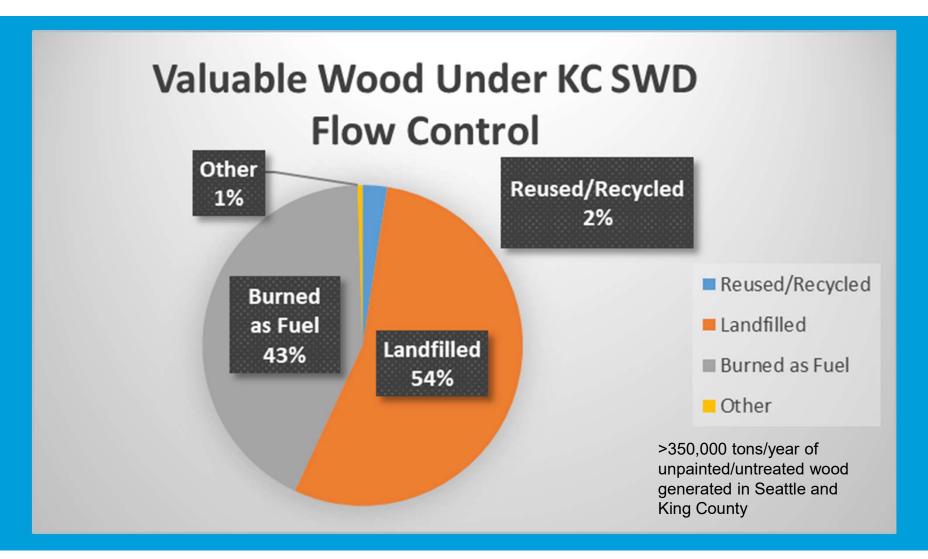




- WSDA granted fertilizer registration approval for the paper component and it was no longer a solid waste.
- Issue: Supply exceeds demand markets in Eastern WA and hauling is expensive.
- Status: The pile is still there, but it is covered to ensure environmental controls.
- Site is still not in compliance with city zoning for established use.













Examples of wood piles observed at C&D facilities



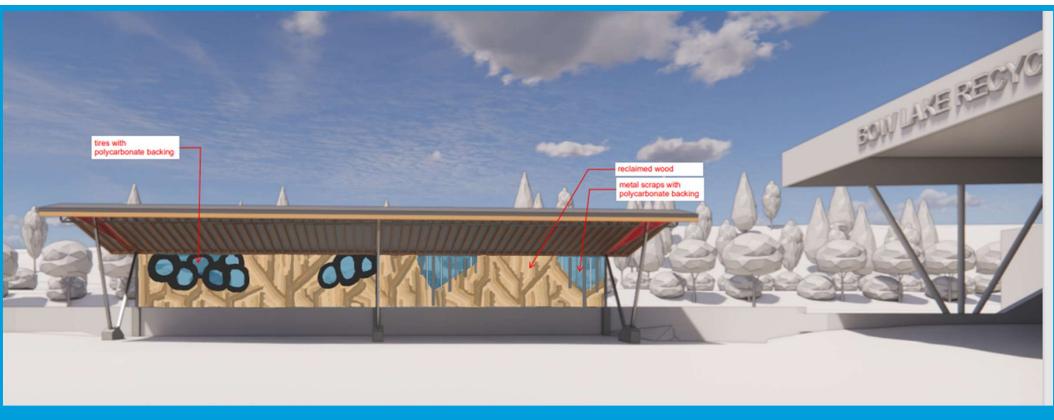
**Construction and demolition waste: Woodwaste** 





- Two distinct piles of wood waste generated from C&D activities.
- Yard debris & clean wood can go to composters.

Public Health
Seattle & King County



- Re+ (zero waste) program is King County's approach to minimize waste
- Grants are issued to small businesses that process waste into a commodity
- KC incorporates recyclable materials in new County construction projects

**Construction and demolition waste: Woodwaste** 



## Multi bin System(not in KC):



# One bin system (KC):

### Metal

### **ALUMINUM & TIN CANS**

Place tin lids in can, crimp shut.

#### SCRAP METAL

Small, non-working metal appliances, pots, tools, etc. Limit  $2' \times 2' \times 2'$ , 35lbs; no wood, plastic, or rubber attachments; no sharp metal.

### Glass

### JARS & BOTTLES (ALL COLORS ACCEPTED)

Only bottles and jars-no other types or shapes of glass are allowed.

## Paper and Cardboard

#### **CLEAN & DRY**

Most types of paper and cardboard are accepted, as long as it is clean and dry. Cardboard and flattened boxes should be no larger than 3' x 3' x 3' in size.

### **Plastic**

#### **BOTTLES, JUGS & TUBS**

Only recycle these "shapes" of plastic containers do not worry about the recycling symbol or number.







**Curbside recycling** 

Public Health
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## Markets:

- 2018 China Sword Policy:
- Minimal domestic markets
- Limited markets outside US and China due to contamination of material
- Current events:
  - Covid Staffing issues
  - Limited Rail/port availability
  - Potential rail Strike
  - Limited Shipping containers
- Inconsistent messaging to public
- Glass breaks
  - · Limited recyclability
  - Hard on machinery

**Challenges in Curbside Recycling** 



# Incoming and processed materials are required to be processed and stored indoors.





**Challenges in Curbside Recycling** 







**Curbside Recycling: Challenges** 



- Only 31.3% glass recycled in US
- Glass gets compacted and causes damage to sorting equipment at the facility.
- 1 glass recycler in KC & WA State
  - Cullet from curbside processors >5% contamination
  - needed a SW permit
  - Has reduced acceptance of glass cullet from curbside recyclers



**Curbside Recycling: Glass** 







**Curbside Recycling: Glass** 



## Contamination:

- Cardboard becomes contaminated
- Paper mills will buy limited contaminated cardboard or will accept for a fee
- Limited markets for cardboard in WA



White paper has highest value if clean (picture from a paper only recycler)

## **Coated Cardboard:**

- Limited recyclability.
- "cardboard bath"
   where plastic floats
   and paper pulp sinks
- Paper pulp is used to make new products
- Skimmed plastic is often used for fuel.
- Very little pulp is extracted from these materials.

**Curbside Recycling: Cardboard Challenges** 



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- Some plastics are hard to recycle
- Where do hard to recycle plastics go?
- All plastics are accepted at all MRFs in KC?
- Bottles, jugs, tubs
- Don't bag your recyclables!

**Curbside Recycling: Plastics** 



# Curbside Recycling: State legislation proposals



The Re-WRAP Act (HB 2049)packaging(accurate labeling provisions and requirements for post-consumer recycled content in plastic tubs, thermoform containers (e.g., clamshells), and single-use cups)



Beverage deposit aka Bottle Bill (HB 2144) increase recycling of glass, metal, or plastic bottles/cans

Both of these did not pass

- Waste Load audits
  - Help keep track of where the contamination comes from
  - Takes time
- Only an option for non-peak hours
- Running sorting machines at slower speeds
  - Sorters (human) better pick out contamination
  - Safer
- Less material is sorted.





**Curbside Recycling: Industry response** 



## Facility upgrades:

- Multimillion dollar upgrade.
- State of the art facility.
- Better at sorting/removing contamination
- Glass cullet is cleaner





**Curbside Recycling: Industry response** 



# Things we can do to improve curbside recycling:

- Reduce single use plastics
- If I buy this, will I be able to recycle it?
- Which bin does this waste belong in?
- Recycle right
- If in doubt, throw it out





